RAILWAY AGE STEAMER

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EXCURSION

Season of 1884.

STEAMER WIDE WEST

WILL LEAVE ASH ST. WHARF FOR THE DALLES AND WAY LANDINGS TUESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS AT 7 O'CLOCK.

RETURNING WILL LEAVE THE DALLES ON WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNINGS AT 5:45 P. M.

TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP, $8.

WIDE WEST will touch at St. Helens, Rainier, Cedar Island, Goble, Carter, Deer Island, Columbia City, Scappoose, Warren, Kalama, Monticello, Cathlamet, Skamokawa, Knappa, Astoria and Ilwaco. Passengers for Fort Stevens, Fort Canby and Shoalwater Bay will take steamer at Astoria for Ilwaco, and return to Portland on the same steamer.

For freight or passage apply on board, or at the office on the dock, foot of Ash street.

W. H. WILDE, Agent.

Portland, Oregon, July 28, 1884.

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Portland, Oregon, July 28, 1884.

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Steamer Tickets to Portland to Tacoma and Return.

Steamer Tickets to Portland to Seattle and Return.

Steamer Tickets to Portland to Victoria and Return.

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Passengers leaving Portland Tuesday evening will connect at Kalama with Express Train for Tacoma, Seattle and Victoria.

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LEAVE ASTORIA for Portland and Way Landings at 7:30 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

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Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Lewiston, Asotin and Way Landings.

Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Umatilla and Way Landings.

Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Upper Willamette River points.

Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Yamhill River points.

Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Salem.

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Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Corvallis

The Daily Oregonian.
THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21 1884

MR. CLEVELAND'S LETTER

It is no criticism of Mr Cleveland's letter to say that it is short, for men have been known to say a great deal in small space But it is a proper criticism to say that the letter is evasive and weak. It was written under the necessity of producing something that would stand for a letter of acceptance and yet with a studied effort to avoid saying anything that could be tortured into an expression of opinion So he contents himself with saying that he has carefully considered the platform adopted by the convention that nominated him and cordially approves the same This is not surprising since he has cordially approved every democratic platform adopted since he became a voter including the copperhead platforms of the war period In the late convention one section contended for tariff reduction the other for extreme protection They compromised by getting up a see saw tariff plank one end for free trade and the other for protection The free traders of the convention went home declaring that it meant a great victory for the free trade principle, and the protectionists went home proclaiming it an equally great victory over the pestilent heresy of free trade Mr Cleveland doesn't make special mention of the tariff question, but says in substance that he fully agrees both with the free traders and protectionists And this is the outcome of that valorous effort put forth by the party through its representatives in congress which was to make tariff reduction and revenue reform the great questions of the time

The letter in effect recognizes the fact that the workingmen are inclined to vote against the democratic candidates This appears from the circumstance that much of the letter is devoted to an effort to conciliate them It is an appeal to them by Mr Cleveland not to vote against him, as they are manifestly disposed to do Beyond this, the only point in the letter is an attempt to say something on the civil service question which shall please the bolting republicans With this in view it is said that the selection and retention of subordinates in government employment should depend on their ascertained fitness and the value of their work and they should neither be expected nor allowed to do questionable party service." A good sentiment, and yet can any one suppose that if Mr Cleveland were elected he would be able to adhere to it? His hungry brethren would get up a pressure for office that he could not possibly resist They demand and will expect a "clean sweep," nor would they vote for Mr Cleveland did they not believe his utterance on the subject a mere sham If it was true in June last, as Mr George William Curtis said it was that the democratic party was trying to sneak back into power as a conspiracy for spoils" it would seem improbable that the character of the party could have changed in the few weeks since then Should Mr Cleveland be elected his party will control this little matter, and he will merely be its agent factor and obedient servant It will be said no doubt that it is the great matter if all republicans do go out and democrats come in Perhaps it will not, but at least let us have an end of the hypocritical pretence that under democratic rule employment in the public service will depend on ascertained fitness, and not on devotion to party

H. W. S.

A MONOPOLIST A CANDIDATE

Mr Simon Sterne, a well-known lawyer in New York city who was the counsel for the New York Chamber of Commerce and the Board of Trade and Transportation in conducting the Hepburn investigation and drafted the bill for the appointment of the present railroad commission of New York and made the arguments before the railroad committees of the state during the past ten years and has assisted greatly in carrying on the warfare against railroad and other monopolists says that General Butler became prominent as an anti monopolist only when that movement began to be popular He came out of the war upon the salary of a brigadier a rich man, and has largely increased his wealth during his service in congress by methods which are antagonistic to the anti monopoly party He is now engaged in several monopolies and as Mr Andrew Carnegie remarked, "he seems violently opposed to all monopolies in which he is not directly interested" Among them is the Washington Market Company, which is not only a monopoly, but is frequently characterized as a swindling monopoly General Butler is a large stockholder and the counsel of the company besides The company obtained valuable franchises from congress, and for them contracted to pay a certain sum yearly into the treasury for the District of Columbia For a while the money was paid but the Market company soon ceased to pay its annual debt to the district and the courts have been for years trying to make it either pay what it owes or give up its charter which is monopolistic to the last degree General Butler has appeared for the market company, and has succeeded in warding off either the fulfilment or the abandonment of its charter The citizens' desire is to break up the monopoly altogether but as an act of congress is necessary to do so and as the difficulties in the way of getting a bill through both houses for the benefit of the district of Columbia are simply tremendous, General Butler and his fellow stockholders continue to defy the protest of the citizens General Butler is now running for president as his friends say not with the expectation of being elected, but to gain a position which will make him a successful candidate in 1888 The result of his canvass ought to be to expose his selfishness and insincerity so fully that that will be impossible.

The republican convention in Michigan last week made an effort to win back the farmers and workingmen generally, together with the prohibitionists, to the support of the grand old party, but it was not wholly successful. The granger's candidate, who had been confidently expected to receive the nomination for governor was defeated, and his supporters were not pacified by his nomination to the second place on the ticket. The prohibitionists have better reason to be satisfied with the recognition accorded to them. One plank of the platform advocates the submission of the question of their method of temperance reform to a popular vote. If the granger candidate had consented to stand as a candidate for lieutenant governor the republicans would have great reason to be satisfied with the result of the convention, though their position is still a strong one. Garfield's plurality in the state was 33,000, and his majority over Hancock and Weaver about 20 000

Says the Albany *Evening Journal* "If the democrats of New York and King s counties do not surpass last year's majority of 47,000 there will be no question of the ability of the republicans to carry the empire state" It is the opinion of not a few practical observers that the democratic majority this year in New York and Brooklyn will not amount to one-third of 47 000 Butler it is believed, will take half the democratic vote, while Blaine will get as large a part of it as the republican vote that will go to Cleveland

Mr Hendricks letter of acceptance is much briefer even than that of Mr Cleveland In making it brief he has showed his good sense Had he made it long he would have been obliged to shuffle and dodge in order to avoid saying anything that would commit him or his party He simply wants the office of vice president, and simply says so.

The New Jersey legislature last winter passed a law providing for the taxation of corporations, which is working admirably. The receipts under this law will more than pay the expenses of the state, so that no state tax is now imposed on the people.

FALSE SENTIMENT.

It is the opinion of the nearest witness of the tragedy the lady who had called to take Mrs Collison out to ride, that the Rev Mr Collison of Chicago intended to kill his eldest son as well as his wife and himself This lady says that Mrs Collison was reluctant to go and seem afraid to leave her husband with the children Apprehending some danger she had telegraphed her brother to come and when he arrived just after the awful deed had been committed Such a tragedy as this ought to have some effect besides horrifying the readers of newspapers and anyone who is so remote directly affected by it If it were an exceptional case there would be less propriety in asking What does it prove? Why now recall three similar tragedies but have occurred within a half a dozen years in Vermont In one case a man who had lost his reason on account of a spinal difficulty and whose insanity was pronounced harmless but who was considered safe although of an irritable temper killed his mother his sister and stepfather and then hanged himself Some one should so safe that the family circle and a stranger under the roof the teacher of the district school who escaped death by hiding all school house who in the lunatic's slaughtered everyone within his reach exactly as a mother has done who lived only two miles away had killed his father and mother four years before In another instance a father who had broken down by the neighbors and members of his family for some time to show signs of ferocious insanity was not placed under surveillance or sent to an asylum until after he had killed five of his children

It is said to be a very delicate matter to place such persons, who have excited the alarm of their families or neighbors under surveillance or commit them to the asylum and that the right of an individual to his personal liberty must not be infringed upon without sufficient reason Mme Boland said a great many crimes have been committed in the name of liberty, before she bowed her head to the guillotine and a great many crimes have been committed in the name of false sentiment In some of the cases referred to if not all of them the responsibility for their commission rests not upon the insane agent so much as upon those who from feelings of delicacy refrained to take the proper precautions and upon the false sentiment which condemns as a meritorious act to sacrifice the peace and happiness of a whole family for the sake of one of its members It may seem to be a filial duty for people to turn their houses into private lunatic asylums and to keep the blind the mute, the idiot or the lunatic child within the walls of the parental home but in many instances it is really a pitiless cruelty to do so, a cruelty excusable only on the ground of ignorance The blind and the mute who have been sent to asylums for instruction at the public expense are a million fold better off than those who have been kept lovingly at home And lunatic asylums at their worst are paradises of Eden compared with many of the dens which a false sentiment has made for insane kinsmen A murder like those in Vermont to which we have referred is not much worse humanely speaking than the lingering, torture and prolonged agony of the insane and the reflex influence upon the homes in which they are confined When a person mentally or physically deficient is deprived by the members of his family of the palliation which the state offers him he is wickedly robbed and although those who rob him may suffer continually from the consequences of their act they deserve no pity whatever be its results and every one who encourages them in their conduct shares their guilt and is partly responsible for the consequent results Whenever any member of a family or any of its acquaintances or friends has reason to suspect that any other member has become or is becoming dangerously insane no time should be lost in calling a physician and if the physician finds ground for such apprehensions the diseased person should be at once put under such watch and care that no harm could befall Such a course as this is the only true kindness and it is the course which the afflicted one would wish to have pursued if he could utter his real sentiment The story of Charles and Mary Lamb has many aspects of beauty But after Mary had taken her mother's life Charles lived in almost constant peril of his own and the verdict which he made to prevent the awful darkness from falling again over her mind was one that does not deserve imitation, filially beautiful though it may seem

H. W. S.

A CHILL FROM AVAILABILITY

In all our political contests of recent years there has been such an element of doubt as to give much encouragement to democrats to hope In 1872 Greeley at first looked formidable because there was a decided break among the old republican leaders In 1876 the country was still in depressed financial and industrial condition that followed the collapse of 1873, and there was a restless desire for change The democratic party too was led by its ablest and most crafty chiefs in Samuel J Tilden Everything from beginning seemed joyful to the democracy and till a day after the election enthusiasm knew no subsidence In 1880 the democratic party put up a gallant soldier with a record without spot or blemish The republican forces came away from the memorable contest at Chicago bitter in spirit and with brows lowering with disappointment Again went democratic hopes and enthusiasm only to be dashed to earth long before the chilly days of November In all these campaigns the democrats had the hurrah to begin with and lost This time they do not have this advantage There seems to be a chill in the democratic camp Delegates returned from Chicago without a smile of satisfaction or a shout of triumph Ever since enthusiasm has been running low We do not see flying the banners of campaign clubs The work that is being done is mountain The tone of the democratic press is not boastful but often listless, sometimes hopeless It speaks of Cleveland in his personal or private capacity in an apologetic whisper and of his public record in a defensive argumentative way—not with the old time hilarity A democrat is nothing unless enthusiastic and now for once he enters a campaign with no inspiration to throw his willing cap in the air Doubt and uncertainty shroud the democratic cause

Of reasons for this posture of affairs there are many Primarily they appear to grow out of the fact that all the able and well approved democratic leaders were set aside for a man of very moderate abilities whose chief commendation was the favor with which he was supposed to be regarded by a small body of independents and republicans in Cleveland as they did in 1 of Greeley in 1872 Men do not like to see so many sacrifices made to the notion of mere availability Suppose Fairman had been nominated instead of Cleveland Does any one imagine they would not now be a united and aggressive democratic party?

At the opening of a savings bank in the city of Newark New Jersey a few days ago the trustees called upon a clergyman to pray that they might be faithful to their trust After he prayed the books were opened and 3 000 were deposited in the bank Human nature is weak and needs the help of divine grace, but this man does not feel confident that he can keep from stealing the small savings of widows and orphans and other poor people entrusted to his care without special public prayer for him, his qualifications for the position of trustee may well be doubted Such men have too often imposed upon the confidence of the public by their parade of piety An eminent citizen of Highland Mill, New York, a pillar of the Methodist church and the Sunday school's best friend has just departed for regions unknown leaving behind from $100 000 to $150 000 of bad debts, most of which are represented by bogus paper His remarkable success in and church enabled him to carry on for several years a money system (discounting, etc) that banks and his neighborly duplicity in borrowing them money on notes which never came due he nearly all bogus The village will miss him the report says for when a man can go to Sunday school children with a load of maple sugar boot invariably expect him and when the village wanted a band he paid $400 to buy instruments and the other parts of the outfit

The trouble to be rested as by reply to all means The sugar per vessel which in the New Orleans trade prevail dupes if possible can sum and not of their own which shall be either a public or democratic but simply If this ticket wins the senator stores are voted for Mr Blaine's cause by his supporters Mr Blaine's cause of his sympathy with strangling, filibusters Congressman Hill has the sch me in charge and is said to work it with great adroitness and assiduity

The *Index* (N York says for the first time in the memory Twining to Buffalo to find material for which asking Mr Cleveland so that the truly good *Independent* could continue to support him Her Twining had to admit the Hallgarten gubernatorial bond and that every attempt to trace the other reports led back to this gossip of the air and brothels" Where should it lead? Did the reverend brother expect to find the evil source in the Sunday schools and bible societies?

POLITICAL BRIEF

The Boston *Herald* and Indianapolis *Sentinel* are in the saw as box for life I said the Chicago *Times* in shaking in the boots at coming events cast their shadows before

Butler is so astonishing soldier sailor post pedestrian and patriot I is bouquet and law name have been and they can but politically he is a complete old cockerel twisting about without regard to consequences—*Hartford Times*

The *Cathaic Herald* says that free trade means the opening up of a new country of 65 000 000 to the ravages of England and that accounts for the hatred of American Irishmen into the republican ranks

Every democrat who pronounces for Blaine is said to control only his own vote Every republican who goes over to Cleveland has a large audience following That s the way says the Norristown *Herald* the democratic papers all part

If Mr Blaine is elected president he will be the first for some years who was not a lawyer He will also represent the candidate who is peculiarly the idol of a section in which he never lived—the west as the New York *Herald* has termed it their body west, and which the people of the west have adopted as the campaign watchword

The *Tribune* almanac gives the total vote at the last presidential election as 9 959 947 A writer in the *American* calculates upon this basis that the presidential vote this year will be in the neighborhood of 10 500 000 The population of the United States on the first of next November is estimated at 5 312 377 of which a little over 1 000,000 is in the territories.

The *Catholic Union and Times* Buffalo says *Harpers Weekly* and *Puck* may say and advertising cuts as they choose as by outrageous caricatures of the Irish of the city it is their nations worst public faith in the United States and they never could be induced to cast a republican vote but a second dose of gratuitous insult to the Irish Only for twenty thousand Irish votes in the state New York would be lost to the next presidential election and the cartoon of Mr Blaine recalling the friendship of the Irishmen Parnell etc at the gulf or with a bottle of whiskey sticking from his pocket and the lyrics had only to need will not hurt Mr Blaine with the Irish in the United States

WHAT SHE LIVES BY

The Pall Mall Gazette of publishes the following extract from the diary of a Russian lady of high rank and great wealth "Today I have had a delightful day I have been to see a poor family in the Rue de la Paix The Grand Duchess has given me 500 francs and told me to distribute them among the most deserving poor I went to the address given me and found a family consisting of a father mother and seven children living in a single room on the fifth floor of a house in the Rue de la Paix The father was a tailor and was ill in bed The mother was sewing and the children were playing about the room I gave the mother the 500 francs and told her that I was sent by the Grand Duchess Her joy was indescribable She cried and laughed and kissed my hands and my dress I felt very much moved myself and left the house with tears in my eyes I have had a delightful day"

Albany Express It is said that Mr Depew's speech has completed a list of Cleveland and Hendricks electors to be voted on next November in harmony that Mr Harper Lenehan is to be appointed in one of the districts Should this be the case satisfactory arrangements otherwise there might be found for Judge Jere Black and Editor Curtis to be compelled to take a second vice another candidate by Butler for instance

Chicago Citizen (Irish American) As regards the Eagle's flight we have only to say that we do not believe that the Irish have an idea that the democratic success will open wide to them the markets of the United States Ireland's enemy is the chief obstacle in the way of Mr Cleveland's election and he wants to be rid of it as a bone in the British party of conservative ruling him

Mural Eclectic (Cincinnati) *Commercial Gazette* The true and only explanation of the Blaine boom is that he is the candidate with the most brass Blaine's career in Maine is remembered in both literary and political circles to be one of unscrupulous use of means to the end of making himself the first man in the state to control the politics of the state and to be the chief leader of the party which now has in its power the legislature governorship and a majority in the state of Maine

Cincinnati Commercial The republican press in this and other states all that could be desired The election is a popular one Almost every where great activity has been exhibited but so far and for the most part this has been largely superficial It would not be policy to flood the state with ordinary speakers—with men going to indulge in personalities at the expense of the party The services of such will no doubt be abundantly tendered They should be all and in every respect declined The foremost men in the party—men to whom the people look with confidence for instruction and who are words will be weighty should be the foremost on the stump in Ohio

Refusing to Join the Rollers

Edward Everett Hale in The Independent The situation as it appeared to us in 1860 to 1865 the national administration was a mere tool of the leaders of a compact non born oligarchy which had the machinery of an anti republican party for its permanence, and greatly to the injury of the state

From 1861 to this time it has been in the hands of the Northern states In this period have been made the great advances in the national life and for the first time there has been a certain right to make the governments express the principles on which they all say it is founded

It now seems possible for the solid northern old regime by a combination with the wives from the worst war districts of New York & Pennsylvania to get into power by a fraud in 1881

I say it not upon whom I highly respect ask me and others will say we are rolling in the mire and must not think for ourselves

New York Tribune Long before the Democratic Convention met it was apparent that the party leaders intended to nominate Governor Cleveland if they could do so without a fight Governor Cleveland was not their first choice, but he was the second choice of every leader, and the party is half committed to him as a leader It is this that gives him the peculiar availability of a heavy following A large part of Tammany had to go in order to obtain this and the remainder of it is lukewarm, it stands upon the tariff chills the protectionist wing of the party, the workingmen are dissatisfied, and the civil service element of the party is still no more or less because the Robbins, republican appointees dictated the nomination of Cleveland as they did that of Greeley in 1872 Men do not like to see so many sacrifices made to the notion of mere availability Suppose Fairman had been nominated instead of Cleveland Does any one imagine they would not now be a united and aggressive democratic party?

Blaine's Running Body in England

London Standard The public have not yet had their say in the matter of the next presidential election but it is already clear that Mr Blaine has a very large number of supporters in this country

Boston City Journal People who talk about the solid south after the fashion of Mr Blaine and his friends would do well to look at the returns from the recent election in Alabama Here the democratic majority for governor will be about 70 000 as against 108 000 two years ago Mr Blaine is not the only man who can lose votes

Cincinnati Enquirer The republican press in this and other states all that could be desired The election is a popular one Almost every where great activity has been exhibited but so far and for the most part this has been largely superficial It would not be policy to flood the state with ordinary speakers—with men going to indulge in personalities at the expense of the party The services of such will no doubt be abundantly tendered They should be all and in every respect declined The foremost men in the party—men to whom the people look with confidence for instruction and whose words will be weighty should be the foremost on the stump in Ohio

The Way of the Candidate.

Chicago News

Editor may I kiss those beautiful children?
They are your wife's children, said Uncle Dick after a brief pause
I have serious news then they all cry out merrily

Of course or by sweet little treasures
If they have inherited
Or whether it is those profound
Or those musical
That I say
Be
Uncle Dick may I
If I may
Heard it
Every one
Ask
Editor by no means
Just
Certainly
Then
Editor
Certainly
Then
Editor
Certainly
Then
Editor

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Merchants, Front and Oak Sts., Portland
& WEST, J. C. MILLER, W. H. WEST,
Merchant, Commercial Block, Portland
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Plaster
Hair and Fire Brick, and Clay etc.
Office at Shoreham street, opp.
Portland, Or.
AB WOOD.
UB SLAB WOOD BY TELEPHONE
Slab Wood and Manufacturer
Second st., bet. F and G sts.

The Oregonian
MONDAY MORNING AUGUST 25, 1884
Entered at Portland Or as second class matter
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METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.
Portland, Aug. 23, 1884, 10 P. M.
Local Time | Wind | Weather | Rain in inches
Stations | Direction | Velocity | State of Weather | Rain in inches
Baker City | 0 | 4 | Clear | 0
Dallas | W | 10 | Clear | 0
Eugene City | S | 6 | Clear | 0
Olympia | N | 6 | Clear | 0
Pendleton | W | 6 | Clear | 0
Portland | N | 6 | Clear | 0
Roseburg | N | 6 | Clear | 0
Salem | N | 6 | Clear | 0
Walla Walla | W | 6 | Clear | 0
The Dalles | W | 6 | Clear | 0
Average Maximum Temperature 80
Average Minimum Temperature 56
Total Rainfall 0.00
Total Sunshine 13.00
Maximum Temperature 84
Minimum Temperature 54
Total Precipitation since Sept. 1, 1883 36.00 inches
Excess since Sept. 1, 1883 3.00 inches
Total Precipitation since Jan. 1, 1884 16.00 inches
Excess since Jan. 1, 1884 1.00 inches
Total Precipitation since July 1, 1884 0.00 inches
Excess since July 1, 1884 0.00 inches
Total Precipitation since Aug. 1, 1884 0.00 inches
Excess since Aug. 1, 1884 0.00 inches
Total Precipitation since Aug. 23, 1884 0.00 inches
Excess since Aug. 23, 1884 0.00 inches
Total Precipitation since Aug. 24, 1884 0.00 inches
Excess since Aug. 24, 1884 0.00 inches
Total Precipitation since Aug. 25, 1884 0.00 inches
Excess since Aug. 25, 1884 0.00 inches

POSTAGE.
Postage Stamps on a newspaper
CUTION SALE TO DAY
Will hereafter at salesroom of house
Chamber of Mr. Sullivan & Co. will be
Portland and Pacific per ton. Terms cash at
CITY.
Fire.—Yesterday afternoon the
Johnson who lost her life Tues
Rosebury fire were brought to
agent of Dr. J. W. Strange and T.
Rosebury City Mail
to Astoria and Portland. Two grown
came up from Astoria last
and his son, aged 16
badly burned about
each of their bodies
a solid mixture from
thought both will recover. The
and were surrounded by a
occupants of the main part
in the verandas and jumping into
the flames caught in the old room under the
which was first to burn. Mr. Johnson
the second story of
rooms to the second story of
now that the end of the building
Mrs. Johnson soon won for herself
among this section and the public
many friends here join in good
Fair.—The Oregon State Agricul
a purse of $300 for Oregon raised
mile a Monday September
Best $70 to second and $30 to
Four to enter and two to start. In
September 10. Entrance 10 per
Entries to be made with J. L. Hal
Oregonian.
Pacific.—Mr. Wall a head of Cor
the city yesterday and engaged 200
for the work of grading the Oregon
Both reports all differences between
Columbine settled and that all cargo have
Iowa.—The citizens of Iowaco and
vicinity request Captain Thiele to
Portland for Iowaco. The
is the source of much complaint.
Arrivals.—Passed Heron yesterday
Charles Wood L. Smith
W. H. Dudley, Mrs. A. J. Borell.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Action on Lowering the Liquor License Indefinitely Postponed

BETTER HOSPITAL FACILITIES ASKED FOR

Immediately Following the City Dr due Tender for a Fire Boat—A Growl at the Grows from the Dog House—Etc.

At a pular meeting of the mmon council was held la ieve ng. Mayo Chapman and president of the council Adams being absent the meeting was calle to order by Auditor Burnam

On motion of Gatens Amie o war appointed chair man of the meeting and took his seat. All o mem bers were pres nt except Adams and Forbes. The min. es of the pre ding meeting were read and ap prov d

PETITIONS ETC

From Ben Way mouth asking license for the Ch cago Portland Association for port on of expense afte August 1 to be refunded referred to committee on health and police

From Hart Brown and others asking that Grant street be opened from Market to Lincoln street

From the City Improvement Company asking that the lots belonging to the company in the Portland Addition be exempt from taxation for a term of years Referred to committee on streets

From Wm. York and others asking that Grant street be graded from Market to Lincoln Referred to committee on streets

From Wm. Hamilton and others asking that the sidewalks on the west side of Fourth street between Market and Clay be repaired Referred to committee on streets

From Mrs. Cameron and others remonstrating against the proposed improvement of J street from North Twenty-fifth to North Twenty-First streets Referred to committee on streets

From H. Buchanan stating that he had appropriated the construction of a tanker for the city dredger and that it was now in charge of Captain Hoyt Filed

ASKING BETTER HOSPITAL FACILITIES

The following petition signed by sixty leading physicians and prominent citizens was read and referred to the committee on health and police

To the Hon Mayor and common council of the city of Portland—Gentlemen The undersigned your petitioners would respectfully represent that they are residents and taxpayers of the city of Portland and as such interested in the material welfare and good and efficient government of the same and that whereas the grand jury of Multnomah county has recently made a call at and personal examination into the hospital facilities in our midst and report the necessity for better and more adequate accommodation for the sick among our poor and

Whereas The attention of the public health is one of vital and rapidly increasing importance to our citizens and one in which the love of Portland stands pre-eminent as a public and municipal corporation to take active and vigorous steps to properly provide for and

Whereas In our opinion and in the opinion of the grand jury after investigating the subject a better more efficient and more economical plan than that now in vogue for the care and treatment of the indigent sick and city patients could be adopted

Therefore We earnestly request that your honorable body take immediate action in the premises with a view of co-operating with the grand jury in the recommendation of the grand jury referred to, by either providing for the early establishment of a hospital or entering into arrangements with one of the hospitals now in Portland and the performing of such other arrangements as may in your judgment meet with favor and prove

CARE FOR THE DISEASED TENDERLOIN PLANS SAT

The following communication from Physician Rich and Hospital superintendent of the dredge was read and placed on file

To the Committees on Fire and Water—Gentlemen In reply to your communication of August 8 in regard to the advisability of placing the city fire engine house and dredge tender in what may be considered a central location for the use of both, I would say that in my opinion it would be advisable to place the engine house on the corner of Front and Ash streets, and the dredge tender at the foot of Ash street, as by so doing it will greatly delay the working of the dredge as no work can be done during the absence of the tender, and as the work is from two to three miles away from the city considerable time would elapse before the boat could be brought to a fire. To moor her any place else, it would require an extra watchman, besides a large amount of extra expense for fuel and wear and tear of machinery, making the extra expense about $150 per month. The amount of delay of the dredger the extra fuel and the wear and tear of constant steam on the boiler

BRIDGES

From the Committee on Roads—Recommending the passage of an ordinance prescribing the manner of filling trenches excavated for water and gas mains and pipes Adopted

From the Committee on Health and Police—Recommending that further consideration of the ordinance for the reduction of the liquor license be indefinitely postponed and on the passage of the petition presented by Mr. Lownsdale for all the liquor cases now pending Adopted

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID

C M Raby	$2 40	C H Dodd & Co	10 40
B & R Riley	187 70	Multnomah Lum	1 00
P M & Co	4 64 40	Bering Co	9 13
M Travis	604	W Sloan	60 10
Mashby & Lewis	752 7	Stadler	49 60
Wells Mercantile	416 61	Everding & Farrell	
O D & OC	1 059 60	Hill	70 40
John Gibbs	207 46	Jas Brob	8 30
B White	1 18 61	Thompson Bro	
Ellis Engineer	2 7 61	Hart & Co	70 80
Will Iron Works	30 10	Beckett & Bar	
J J Robinson	49 60	Levy	1 60
Wm Hall	19 25	H J Sutter	9
Lee & Marx	1 0	Oily Dredge	137 70
Y Fiste	1 0	Joe Barrett	13 64
Hall Hotelgast	0	Corbett Falling	
R P Prince	3 75	do do	50 00
J M Flynn	30 00	Brigham A Weeks	10 25
Portland Ice Co	1 00	Will Steam M U	4 75
H H Bowsh & Bro	14	Patrick Perrin	16 10
McGrorbey and Thompson	32	J S Pooch	6 00
R L Durham	12 00	F D Love	60 00
E O Hara	8 00	P G Baker	807 30
P Hentges	12 00	Union Iron Wks	475 00
Buchanan & Wilcox		Bass & Jeffery	200 45
C P Hogue	12 00	Thos Varwig	9 00

NEW ORDINANCES.

Amending sections 3 7 and 10 of ordinance No 3721 "An ordinance relating to the obstruction of streets, (The ordinance ordains that the sections be amended so as to add Superintendent of Police, after the word chief of police wherever the latter is mentioned therein) Passed

Providing for the time and manner of extending the sewer in Market street from its present western terminus to Eleventh street. Read twice

Making an appropriation of $434 35 out of the general fund for the purchase of property bid in at chief of police sales Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Market street from Eleventh to Fourteenth streets, and making an appropriation therefor Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Front street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Ash street from Front to Naito parkway Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Second street from Ash to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Fourth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Fifth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

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Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-first street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-second street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-third street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-fourth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

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Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-sixth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-seventh street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-eighth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and fifty-ninth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and sixtieth street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and sixty-first street from Market to Jefferson Read twice

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Declaring the probable cost of improving Two hundred and sixty-se

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING AUGUST 21 1884

PRESIDENT WHITE FOR BLAINE.

A Letter to Theodore Roosevelt Tells Why—Civil Service Reform safe Only in Republican Hands

HASTINGS Mass Aug 18 1884—To the Hon. Theodore R sevelt My Dear Sir Administration for your vigor and efficiency in supporting various measures of administrative reform thus far, and the relations I have with as delegates at the recent national convention, warrant a statement to you of my views to our best course in the approaching national election

Like yourself I regard the question of reform of the general political and administrative system in our country as by far the greatest of all questions now before us and what is known as "civil service reform" as the essential germ and vital beginning of this whole better session, whether national, state or municipal

As to other questions the protective system and its important features intervened as it is with all the established interests and interwove of the country make any party thing to touch Our foreign relations with the hand virtually in the same way whichever party comes into power, for in either case there being no navy to enforce our views of rights a vigorous foreign policy must consist mainly of talk and of this all the other nations of the world are as well aware as our own party thinks Of colored voters in the south no promises are made which have been made before Polygamy each party will probably try to diminish The currency question is so immediately dangerous that neither party will dare neglect it much longer

That leaves in the civil service, then remains the principal question likely to require continued vigilance and sustained effort On it I firmly believe, is to turn the future of politics in our country It is the logical beginning of all other necessary reforms, for, until it is accomplished, the great question in the country as large and in every locality will continue to be, not how shall we carry this or that good measure, but how shall we carry this or that set of men into the offices.

It goes far deeper than any other pending question, for it aims at nothing less than to abolish the present republican machine democratic spoils-system which for many years has been a growing curse to the country, it proposes to destroy that aristocracy and oligarchy of political managers which admits to public offices mainly their own possessions for such men and excludes the capable and honest mass of the great body of citizens of both parties who give themselves to honest toil and not to slaving for political masters Breaks to pieces to the executive and legislative agents of the people time for their legitimate duties which is now consumed in the distribution and brokerage of near 100,000 offices, on the basis, not mainly of fitness, but of personal services In short, it seeks to take this vast multitude of offices out of politics, so that men shall be chosen to elective positions and continued in them for the services they can render to the public, and not for the bargains they can make with local office-seekers.

Thus, then being the question of all questions, the essential preliminary of all reforms, I confess frankly that if in my opinion the democratic party were more likely than the republican to carry out the reforms already begun I should not hesitate for a moment to vote the democratic ticket But what are the probabilities—nay, the certainties—in the case? I look at the democratic nominee and feel obliged to own that his administration of our state has been very vastly to his credit, and that he might so personally reliable upon to favor the national reform as he has favored state reform But the nominee is decidedly the less of the two important factors in the matter The great question is What is the ground taken by the political party which would come into power with him? What can we expect from that? Now, if we take out of the democratic party a handful of men there is no one left from whom that great reform has anything to expect save bitter hostility

Look at his history as a whole It invented the spoils system formulated it and evidently wishes for nothing better than to fully restore it. Look at its recent history Take for example its treatment of Senator Pendleton He had the wisdom and foresight to recognize the importance of initiating a reform in the civil service, both as regards his country and his party Strangely was [illegible] through the mire by the leading democratic newspapers deprived ignominiously of the senatorial seat replaced by a man infinitely his inferior in every statesman like quality who made himself over to the old state fashion at once Civil service reform or did the democratic party as a nation treat Mr Pendleton worse? Is there that of his state done At their late national convention the democrats of that state indulged in a fling at the reform and the chiefs was mocked when General Butler was allowed grossly to insult Mr Pendleton in a speech in connection with civil service reform and to declare that not a person present who was not a schoolmaster appreciated it This was received with universal applause and with not a dissenting voice from the entire convention then and from the democratic press since.

More fatal still to all hopes of anything better from that party was the deliberate course of that convention in framing its platform So far as this great subject was concerned it gave the candidate absolutely no plank to stand upon The reference to it is not merely an evasion it is a thing as clear as language could make it that means will be found to nullify what has been done and to restore the old system with all its infamies

However many there may respect Mr Cleveland for what he has done as governor I see no hope that he can have any similar career of reform as president He cannot resist his entire party They are very hungry and very thirsty with the hunger and thirst of twenty four years and in case of victory no president would in fact have greater support than he can hope for could resist the rush To strengthen him at Albany there was a civil service element in our state of some value but to support him at Washington that element, diluted or neutralized by the party in the whole nation will be practically influential At Albany he had backers in his party, at Washington he must stand entirely alone so far as his party is concerned With all his good intentions he would be powerless to resist the famished cohorts of plunder from east and west and south and north as the sturdiest hunter of the plains would be to withstand single and alone a rushing herd of wild buffaloes

What, on the other hand, are the chances of the reform from the Republican party? Despite many sins and shortcomings it has already done much, and is certain to do more The platform and candidate are as last committed fully and unreservedly to the right side of the question While the democratic national convention gave to its nominee no civil service plank to stand upon, the republican party gave its nominee on this question, the soundest of the whole platform—a plank hewn out by the leader of the reform in our own state and fitted on by leaders of the highest sort from the state of Massachusetts Better than this the republican candidate has not only accepted it but has agreed to more than the boldest of us dared ask In the light of his experience as secretary of state, he has virtually pledged himself to labor for the extension of the system into the consular and diplomatic service If he be elected we shall have the right to insist and I fully believe we may, rely—upon the extension of the system to those most important branches of the public service, so that though our national servants abroad in various grades may know less of wire-pulling than at present they will know more of those things absolutely essential to any proper representation of American interests in the countries to which they are accredited, in short, that a new and grand career will be opened to the brightest and best, young men in the country which has long been virtually closed to them and largely used for pensioning off decaying politicians This position of the republican platform thus distinct and decided, and this alone, determines my vote.

It is said that Mr Blaine did not formerly support the reform, I answer that very few of us supported it or even understood it a few years ago It is said that he has used the old methods, I answer, so have all leaders of both parties who have been prominent in national affairs Whatever men have said of him they have never charged him with want of shrewdness for [illegible] Ascertaining the current of public opinion or with Bourbon inability to forget outworn methods His letter of acceptance shows that he recognizes the new element which if it be not regarded will leave the party in a hopeless minority in some [illegible] more [illegible] time [illegible] Some of the Ohio statesmen said that in almost every one of them there is a small number, and in some a large number of men to whom this question has become paramount who have against the spoils system something of that bitter hatred which in the old days was felt against slavery and which need to be called fanaticism He knows how that old feeling developed and he can easily see how this new feeling will develope. But it may be said that the democratic party also has learned something, Doubtless it has learned something on questions already decided; but not on this all-important question of a reform in the civil service. The trouble with the democratic party for the last forty years has been that it has never seen any great question until the country, thanks to the republican party, had got past it. The only source from which the democratic party has learned anything during all these years has been republican victories On slavery the war reconstruction, finance, the currency, education in the south—on every great question—the republican party has had to educate the democratic party by repulsion and victory And so it must be now on the civil service question Doubtless after the republican party has fully developed it and carried it to triumph the democratic party will accept it But never until then To teach the democratic party that civil service reform means anything a national victory for this republican party in its present platform is an absolute necessity

Again, some of our independent friends say Let the democratic party in a full [illegible] true to those reforms we will turn it out

To all this comes the old answer

I hear a thin in the I bly near
Pray Mr Speaker shall I shoot the deer
Or shall I not spoil the deer if I do
And then all try to get him it seems

To sum up then, I regard this as the crisis of civil service reform which is to the short time of human slavery will if successful [illegible] It is to it as necessary as the greatest single question in this country as it was at the beginning of the war To place the reform in the hands of the democratic party is to certainly [illegible] and probably destroy it reform for many years to bring in the republican party is to secure its regular and substantial development, therefore though my vote like yours was cast at Chicago from first to last for Mr Edmunds I purpose to vote at the coming election for Mr Blaine I remain, very truly yours

ANDREW D WHITE

JOHN SPLAN.

His Great Skill in Matching Horses for Single-Handed Contests.

From the Breeders' Gazette

Brought up in a school where match-making was one of the chief requisites to success Splan has always been noted for the excellent judgment possessed by him regarding other men's horses as well as those in his own charge This was plainly enough shown three years ago last winter when he matched Charley Ford to beat Bonesetter As that time Bonesetter had a record of 2 19 made the previous season, and was looked upon as one of the most promising horses in this country, while Ford, whose record was 2 20¾ seemed in the opinion of many capable horsemen, to have reached his limit, so far as speed was concerned He had just passed into Splan's hands and, although John had never pulled a line over the grit fellow he was confident of his ability to defeat Bonesetter When asked by a friend on what ground he considered Ford to be capable of meeting Bonesetter on even terms he said "Why I like the way Charley Hard Burns and he was at his best we can't to give a good many exhibitions over half mile tracks You remember how many years Goldsmith Maid's 2 18 stood as the best over a half-mile track and that it was never beaten until Burns did it From the way in which Burns used to go I made up my mind that any horse that could trot a half-mile track in 2 20 was capable of 2 16 on a mile track, and I had this in mind when Ford and Bonesetter were matched because Ford had trotted the half mile track at Cincinnati in 2 20½ The result of the race proved the correctness of Splan's judgment and as he subsequently gave Ford a record of 2 16¾ in a third heat of the race, it will be seen that he was not far out of the way as to the difference in point of speed between mile tracks and those of only half that distance in circumference

But whether Johnston, for all his superior speed, can beat Kimball in a race between the two, is a point open to a great deal of argument Kimball's forte is in being out a body on a fast mile, and it is an indisputable fact that he can go the fourth mile fully as fast as he can the first Whether his opponent in the coming match is a really game horse cannot be accurately told because he has never been tried in a race against horses of anything like his own speed But his mile and repeat in 2 11¾ and 2 12 not long ago was evidently taken by Splan as evidence enough of the standing and on the strength of this trial the match was made It is possible, but not probable that either horse will take part in the coming race, as both the Johnston and Kimball men have expressed their willingness to let it all that want to put up $ 500 a corner The only horse that would have a living chance against the two pacers is Jay Eye See and it is not at all probable that Mr Case desires to engage him in a race again at the mile wheelers

More their Type Operf

From the New York Sun

It is now asserted on what seems to be good authority that the main facts about the Buffalo scandal were laid before many of the delegates to the Chicago convention before the nomination of Mr Cleveland In other words it was charged by the opponents of the candidate for president in utter ignorance of the truth or with a foolish ignorance of the exact nature of these charges until weeks after the nomination of the machine candidate It is likely now that the stories which led to Chicago took no very definite form

The same thing cannot be said of the information furnished to the independent republicans who adopted Governor Cleveland as their candidate at the recent conference in this city and who declared in their address to the country that the paramount issue of the presidential election of this year is moral rather than political

We find in the Brooklyn *Daily Times* this distinct assertion

"Before the conference met before the address read by George William Curtis was prepared Mr Curtis knew, and the other leaders in the movement know, that Governor Cleveland had been branded as a moral leper Here are the names of some of the men who informed Mr Curtis of the facts, who stand responsible for the charges and who implored Mr Curtis to look at the evidence in their possession before he indorsed Grover Cleveland

Rev Dr Mitchell First Presbyterian church Buffalo

Rev Dr Gordon, First Baptist church Buffalo

Rev Dr Ball, Hudson Street Baptist church Buffalo

Rev Dr Green, Lafayette Street Baptist church Buffalo

Rev Dr Hubbell, North Presbyterian church Buffalo,

Rev Mr Chivers, Prospect Avenue Baptist church Buffalo

Rev H G Lord, West Side Presbyterian church Buffalo

These men are not politicians Most of them supported Mr Cleveland when he ran for mayor of Buffalo They investigated the charges that were made against him with reluctance they have found evidence that they hold to be unassailable, and they stand determined to act on political but on moral grounds to compel his retirement from the democratic ticket"

The only ground left for independent republicans who still desire to support Mr Cleveland is indicated by the *Evening Post* in an article which we copy It is a remarkable defense to offer as a supplement to the unqualified address. It declares in effect that the paramount issue of the presidential election is political, not moral

What will be the effect upon the minds of the wavering voters if the revelations supposing that only one-half is true as is openly admitted in the versions of the scandal supplied by Governor Cleveland's Independent supporters It seems to us that a great deal depends on the manner in which the immediate friends and responsible representatives of the democratic candidate shall be able to meet and overcome the defense of these volunteer defenders

The Field of Gettysburg.

Philadelphia Times

The field of Gettysburg promises to be the most accurately marked battle-field in the world In addition to the large number of tablets and stones erected already to mark the position of troops and to designate the spots where the various events in that wonderful fight took place, a great many more will be put in place during the summer A committee of the Seventeenth regiment Connecticut volunteers visited the field and determined upon a spot to locate a memorial to mark the position of that regiment in the first and second days of the battle The tablet will probably be placed on position on July 1 On the 2d the Four teenth regiment will erect a stone to mark its position during the fight The dedication of these memorials will bring the governors and his staff and many other prominent people of Connecticut to take part in the ceremonies Representatives of various other regiments from the different states will visit the field to be present and a full representation of the veterans is expected to be present

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

Eastern Oregon.

The new school house at La Grande will be 60x80 feet It will cost between $7000 and $10,000

Lee Sin, the Chinese murderer has been issued a new lease of life until the supreme court meets in October It was granted by Judge Olmstead of the circuit court

Theodore Phillippe who has been feeding sheep camp for Bob Currey of Hepner has been missing about a month He is described as 5 feet 8 inches complexioned and about 40 years of age

La Grande *Record* A white sack was found at Orville Dell on Tuesday by the surveyors of irrigating ditch and lumber from that place for Agnes has a contract to furnish 10,000 feet per day of 1 inch boards and two car loads of lumber were loaded on Wednesday

Heppner *Gazette* O Hendricks ran a runaway with a horse A month or one of his arms was badly crippled besides getting a severe [illegible] and cuts and bruises Mr Hendricks is a [illegible] man and an animal well worth $ 500 broke her neck by pull to back not suddenly cured in a year

Federal Democrat The three years old of Frank Thompson of Homer came near meeting with fearful accident last day evening He was carrying a shotgun which somehow and in some manner fell to the floor and in so doing the hammer struck the stock and the gun went off the load passing through the left hand between the thumb and forefinger of the boy and lodging in the ceiling Fortunately the load missed the bone and the wound will not be dangerous

Washington Territory

Special Correspondence to Island county

I trust there are devastating things near objects in future from the hop fields of the State in country is meeting yield there

While Washington are sites for, home, should re for [illegible] and the establish

Those intending to come to Island county for farming can receive information in the vicinity of Pomeroy Lowell and Strahan city

A man named C F Hunt was stood up by footpads and ... Revelle (Spokane Falls Friday night

At midnight Monday between forty and fifty acres of wheat were burned to the ground on Alki station on the other side of the Teuchet near the summit Origin of the fire not known

There is evidence of restlessness among the Lummi Indians and another outbreak is not improbable The fire of vengeance for the killing of one of their band is smouldering in their breasts

The Spokane county Democratic executive committee Dr Bernhardt Lewis Jones R J Fellows, S H Hayes Col Duncan S Berry and J J Browne delegates to the territorial convention

Port Townsend *Argus* Governor Squire has been duly sworn and is to office It is but justice to him distinguished perfect state to say that he has served the territory with ability and general satisfaction in the retiring from the office with an honorable record We are glad he proposes to remain in Washington and should he be called to any of our positions of public trust he will have our support whatever it may be

There will arrive in this city from Europe about the middle of October for Whitman college a complete set of apparatus to illustrate natural sciences The instruments are being selected especially for the college The instruments have been ordered by Professor Mears of Williams college, and have been selected through the influence of Professor Keith Two mechanics are engaged on the women's hall Whitman college The apparatus is being pushed to its completion as rapidly as possible

A few days ago Alexis Mathews a Snake river stockman was forced to kill a cayuse stallion in order to protect his band of horses The Indians discovered the loss of the stallion and demanded several colts in return, and on being refused trouble ensued resulting in Mathews drawing a revolver and shooting one of the stallions into the spinal cord, which caused the animal to die Mathews then mounted a horse and rode away the Indians in close pursuit Troubles anticipated

A Port Townsend exchange says Judge Swan has just received from the U S Treasury Department a fifty fathom cod pull net with glass floats and rigged complete for the purpose of testing the black cod Captain Hoppe, of the United States steamer Rush will be detailed to take the net and will proceed to take the net on board the cutter and test it in the deep water of Cape Flattery and in Hood's Canal and Gardner Inlet Should the result of the kind ever received on Puget Sound and the use of the oil gear as Judge Swan for the [illegible] of the fishing [illegible] with the result of the wonder, of this not of much interest

Tuesday articles of incorporation were filed in the auditor's office at Seattle, incorporating the Cedar River Coal Company The incorporators are Jonathan Collins L J Colman J M McNaught and Hiram Hoyt and J M Colman The objects as set forth in the articles are to mine and hold coal lands in King county, to develop the same to build railroads and operate the same to coal docks and to own and operate a line of steamboats between Seattle and San Francisco and other ports, and to do all other things useful and necessary to the proper carrying on of an extensive coal and transportation business The capital stock is $500,000, divided into 5,000 shares at $100 per share The head office and principal place of business of the corporation is at Seattle, and the duration is fixed at fifty years

At the republican convention in Austin county the following ticket was nominated Sheriff Clegg Richards treasurer D J Wann auditor H Dellinger assessor B P Oakley county commissioners precinct No 1 J B Ward well and A Sheard county surveyor A Shrader county superintendent Miss A Bean county attorney Dr J Rutherford Shepherd delegates to territorial convention D P Walch A C Hewitt and William Morgan At the Garfield county convention the following ticket was nominated Sheriff J R Walker treasurer G A Parker assessor A B Lush assessor R H Wilkinson county commissioners precinct No 1 Charles F P Mann precinct No 2 Charles Bardon Jacobs precinct No 3 Hasdon Gerbis precinct No 4 J C Smith precinct No 5 Charles H Sheppard delegates to territorial convention James Palmer J W Bailey T H Shaw R C Wilkinson and R L Reid

ABD-EL-KADER.

Marshal Bugeaud's Interview with the Lion of Algeria

From Memories of Bugeaud, by Comte d'Ideville

I had made peace I did not choose to be contented with the signature or seal of a chief I wished to have the sanction of both the Arab people and no demanded an interview with Abd-el-Kader He at once accepted and we fixed the meeting place on the banks of the Tafna, at a spot called El Zoboces It was a village only a ravine [laughter] It was four leagues from my camp and from Abd-el-Kader He came the longest route that I did so he met me first, place I do not see that there is any reflection on the national dignity in this [Laughter from the crowd] It was natural for me to arrive before him He was very late and I afterwards learned why, it was because each sheik had to collect as many people as possible in order that they might [illegible] the greatness of the man with whom he was going to treat [Laughter] I determined to enter the valley myself with the staff of my officers All at once I found myself surrounded by Abd-el-Kader's cavalry [laughter] They came from behind—they came from everywhere [Laughter] My chief interpreter Mr Mallarmé said to me "We are in danger let us get back as quickly as possible" I answered "No stir no pale on the contrary we must show them a noble countenance must go to them" and I started at a gallop [laughter] Abd-el-Kader checked sharply by the ground while he snapped his fingers brought me a glove in which I found the end of the cord I received Abd-el-Kader who was himself advancing to the appointed place We met and I proposed to him to dismount He did so and sat upon the ground I sat by his side I can declare to you that that it was who always played the first in the conversation I answered to him I asked him questions, he answered me in monosyllables for the Arabs are small speakers and have not the French fault [laughter] This conversation lasted about fifty minutes When I had said the Abd-el-Kader remained seated. I fancied I saw in this act a certain notion of superiority so I made my interpreter tell him "When a French general rises before you should also rise" and I while my interpreter was speaking, and went [illegible] Abd-el-Kader by the hand and lifted him up, he is not very heavy

Gustavus Adolphus' Collar

There is a curious relic of Gustavus Adolphus in the possession of a private family in Augsburg. It is an embroidered collar said to have been worn by the king at a ball and is now kept in a glass case together with the following note The collar was worn by Gustavus Adolphus king of Sweden and was presented by him to my beloved wife [illegible] at the time of the battle of Lutzen was the most beautiful among the maidens His majesty delighted to dance several times with her, and on his leaving remarked familiar she [illegible] him and as a reward for this and for the valor he showed in the night of the 16th [illegible] which [illegible] the battle refrains from relating his comments on out this innocent remark The queen was at that time at Stockholm

Sabbath keeping in Scotland

Wichita *Eagle* Not many years ago a traveler hardly could [illegible] a well known fact that the Sabbath was kept in the favorite pastime of fishing in the well known salmon river in the north of Scotland when by a [illegible] convention with a farmer and asked him how the rent only appointed Free [illegible] was going fishing on his parish The farmer replied that he had not attended that day the reverend gentleman was [illegible] as he might have been [illegible] had when this was ascertained that he was in the habit of always going on Sunday morning But [illegible] that people [illegible] you but as well as [illegible] in the week you [illegible] to wash [illegible] face on Sunday as [illegible] Why face [illegible] all the year

I have no wash of my face on Sabbath for five and twenty years

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

WEDNESDAY Aug 20

Overland receipts include 363 [illegible] bbls flour 3647 bbls flour 421 ctls [illegible] 1 4 ctls bran 174 ctls middlings 20 sks potatoes 1067 lbs wool 9450 lbs hides 37 pkgs mdse 8 pkgs butter 342 lbs fruit 945 lbs hops Also 1456 ctls wheat 135 lbs wool and the hides from the eastern section

EXPORTS—For San Diego [illegible] For Portland [illegible] For Victoria [illegible]

WHEAT—There is little or nothing doing to this week's buy [illegible] in samples of choice [illegible] is [illegible] without quotation

Foreign markets show improvement advices [illegible] the Liverpool [illegible] New York [illegible] Chicago [illegible] Eastern [illegible] to [illegible] but [illegible] San Francisco reports a little demand but [illegible] [illegible] prices

FREIGHTS—There is hardly any demand The uncertainty regarding the [illegible] of wheat [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]